

PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION BOARD

Middle School Teacher Eligibility Test – 2018 25th Feb 2019 09:30 AM

Topic:- Child Development & Pedagogy (CDP)
1) Autistic children mainly have difficulties in / स्वलीनता (ऑटिस्टिक) बच्चों में की कठिनाई होती हैं।
1. Vision / ਵਿष्टि
2. Intelligence / बुद्धि
3. Social interaction / सामाजिक संपर्क
4. Body movement / शरीर गतिशीलता
Correct Answer :-
Social interaction / सामाजिक संपर्क
2) Applied Behavior Analysis is considered to be a more effective remedial method for:/ अनुप्रयुक्त व्यवहार विश्लेषण निम्न के लिए एक अधिक प्रभावी उपचारात्मक विधि माना जाता है:
1. Dyslexia/ डिस्लेक्सिया
2. GDD / जीडीडी
3. ADHD / एडीएचडी
4. ASD/ एएसडी
Correct Answer :-
• ASD/ एएसडी
3) Which of the following is not true about the team teaching method? / टीम शिक्षण पद्धति के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सत्य नहीं है?

- 1. Difficulties are faced in maintaining harmony among team members / टीम के सदस्यों के बीच सामंजस्य बनाए रखने में कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पडता है।
- 2. It is cheaper than other methods of teaching in terms of finances / यह वित्त के संदर्भ में शिक्षण के अन्य विधियों की तुलना में सस्ता है।
- 3. Teachers get better opportunities for optimal utilization of human resources / मानव संसाधन के सर्वोत्तम उपयोग के लिए शिक्षकों को बेहतर अवसर मिलते हैं।
- 4. It is a highly flexible method of teaching in terms of scheduling / यह समय-निर्धारण के संदर्भ में शिक्षण का एक अत्यंत लचीला तरीका है।

 It is cheaper than other methods of teaching in terms of finances / यह वित्त के संदर्भ में शिक्षण के अन्य विधियों की तुलना में सस्ता है।

4) Which of the following elements is there in problem-solving skills?/ निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समस्या-निवारण कौशल से सम्बंधित है?

- 1. only the steps to reach the goal / केवल लक्ष्य तक पहुँचने के चरण
- 2. only the goal / केवल लक्ष्य
- 3. only the problem / केवल समस्या
- 4. all of the above/ उपरोक्त सभी

Correct Answer:-

• all of the above/ उपरोक्त सभी

5) A child thinks that because he wants to have pizza for dinner, his parents must want it too. What type of thinking is this? / एक बच्चा सोचता है कि चूंकि वह रात के खाने के लिए पिज्जा चाहता है, तो उसके माता-पिता को भी यही चाहिए। यह किस प्रकार की सोच है?

- 1. Meta-cognitive thinking / ध्यानात्मक (मेटा-संज्ञानात्मक) चिंतन
- 2. Egocentric thinking / स्वकेंद्रित (इगोसेन्ट्रिक) चिंतन
- 3. Abstract thinking / अमूर्त चिंतन
- 4. Psychotic thinking / मानसिक (साइकोटिक) चिंतन

Correct Answer:-

• Egocentric thinking / स्वकेंद्रित (इगोसेन्ट्रिक) चिंतन

6) Learners learn best when / शिक्षार्थी सबसे अच्छी तरह सीखते है जब

1. they listen to the teacher and obey all classroom rules. / वे शिक्षक की बात सुनते हैं और कक्षा के सभी नियमों का पालन करते हैं।
2. they understand the lesson and write good notes. / वे विषय को समझते हैं और अच्छे नोट्स लिखते हैं।
3. they understand the relevance and are motivated to achieve the learning goal. / वे प्रासंगिकता को समझते हैं और अधिगम के लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए प्रेरित होते हैं।
4. they follow all rules and are quiet in class. / वे सभी नियमों का पालन करते हैं और कक्षा में शांत रहते हैं।
Correct Answer :-
• they understand the relevance and are motivated to achieve the learning goal. / वे प्रासंगिकता को समझते हैं और अधिगम के लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए प्रेरित होते हैं।
7) The seat of Intelligence in human brain is / मानव मस्तिष्क में बुद्धि का केंद्र है।
1. Brainstem / ब्रेनस्टेम
2. Cerebellum / अनुमस्तिष्क (सेरेबेल्लम)
3. Cerebrum / प्रमस्तिष्क (सेरेब्रम)
4. Spinal cord / मेरुदण्ड (स्पाइनल कॉर्ड)
Correct Answer :-
• Cerebrum / प्रमस्तिष्क (सेरेब्रम)
8) Which of the following is the best way to increase correct responses and appropriate behavior? /
सही प्रतिक्रियाओं और उचित व्यवहार को बढ़ाने के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सबसे अच्छा तरीका है?
1. Punishment /
2. Praise / प्रशंसा
3. Ignorance / अज्ञानता
4. Strictness / सख़्ती
Correct Answer :-
• Praise / प्रशंसा

असाधारण बच्चों की व्यवहार संबंधी समस्याओं के निदान और उपचार के लिए आमतौर पर किस विधि का उपयोग किया जाता है?
1. Survey method / सर्वेक्षण विधि
2. Case study method / केस स्टडी विधि
3. Observation method / निरीक्षण विधि
4. Experimental method / प्रयोगात्मक विधि
Correct Answer :-
• Case study method / केस स्टडी विधि
10) Which approach believes in teaching reading based on sounds? / ध्वनियों के आधार पर पठन- पाठन में कौन सा दृष्टिकोण विश्वास करता है?
1. Analytical / विश्लेषणात्मक
2. Syllabic/ शब्दांश
3. Global / ग्लोबल
4. Phonic / फोनिक
Correct Answer :-
• Phonic / फोनिक
11) According to Thompson, children can identify their own gender by the age of/ थॉम्पसन के अनुसार, बच्चे अपने स्वयं के लिंग की पहचान इस उम्र से कर सकते हैं:
1. Five years / पांच वर्ष
2. Two years / दो वर्ष
3. Four years / चार वर्ष
4. Three years / तीन वर्ष
Correct Answer :-
• Three years / तीन वर्ष
12) What is the term used to describe a person's tendency to remember positive rather than negative experiences?/

नकारात्मक अनुभवों के बजाय सकारात्मक याद रखने के लिए किसी व्यक्ति की प्रवृत्ति का वर्णन करने हेतु किस पद का उपयोग किया जाता है?
1. Rehearsal effect / पूर्वाभ्यास प्रभाव
2. Retroactive effect / पूर्वव्यापी प्रभाव
3. Lightbulb effect / लाइटबल्ब प्रभाव
4. Pollyanna effect / पोलीन्ना प्रभाव
Correct Answer :-
• Pollyanna effect / पोलीन्ना प्रभाव
13) What type of memory is sometimes referred to as nondeclarative memory? / किस प्रकार की स्मृति को कभी-कभार अघोषणात्मक स्मृति के रूप में जाना जाता है?
1. Autobiographical memory / आत्मचरित (ऑटोबायोग्राफिकल) स्मृति
2. Factual memory / तथ्यात्मक स्मृति
3. Short term memory/लघु-कालीन स्मृति
4. Procedural memory / प्रक्रियात्मक स्मृति
Correct Answer :-
• Procedural memory / प्रक्रियात्मक स्मृति
14) An assessment that is carried out throughout the course is called/
वह आकलन जो पूरे पाठ्यक्रम के दौरान किया जाता है, कहलाता है।
1. Formative assessment / रचनात्मक आकलन
2. Summative assessment / योगात्मक मूल्यांकन
3. Diagnostic assessment / नैदानिक मूल्यांकन
4. Initial assessment / प्रारंभिक आकलन
Correct Answer :-
• Formative assessment / रचनात्मक आकलन
15) Which of the following is not a form of bullying? / निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बदमाशी का एक रूप नहीं है? 1. Teasing other children / अन्य बच्चों को छेड़ना

- 2. Pushing other children / अन्य बच्चों को धक्का देना 3. Mutual exchange of lunches / लंच की पारस्परिक अदला-बदली 4. Insulting other children / दूसरे बच्चों का अपमान करना Correct Answer :-• Mutual exchange of lunches / लंच की पारस्परिक अदला-बदली 16) Which of the following clinical procedures are based in part on classical conditioning?/ निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी नैदानिक प्रक्रिया। क्लासिकल कंडीशनिंग पर आधारित है? 1. Token economy / टोकन इकोनॉमी 2. Two chair techniques / टू चेयर तकनीकी 3. Transference/ स्थानांतरण 4. Systematic desensitization / व्यवस्थित विसुग्राहीकरण **Correct Answer:-**• Systematic desensitization / व्यवस्थित विसुग्राहीकरण 17) Which chromosome is responsible for determining that the child is born male? कौन सा गुणसूत्र यह निर्धारित करने के लिए उत्तरदायी होता है कि बच्चा नर पैदा हुआ है? 1. Y chromosome / Y गुणसूत्र
 - 2. C chromosome / C गुणसूत्र
 - 3. L chromosome / L गुणसूत्र
 - 4. X chromosome / X गुणसूत्र

- Y chromosome / Y गुणसूत्र
- 18) If a child has no problems with any schoolwork other than reading and writing, what could he be diagnosed with? / यदि किसी बच्चे को पढ़ने और लिखने के अलावा किसी अन्य स्कूल कार्य की कोई समस्या नहीं है, तो उसे किससे निरूपित किया जा सकता है?
- 1. Learning disorder / अधिगम विकार
- 2. Communication disorder / संचार विकार
- 3. Mental retardation / मानसिक मंदता

4. Intellectual disability / बौद्धिक अक्षमता
Correct Answer :-
• Learning disorder / अधिगम विकार
19) A child searches for an object where they previously found it even after they know it moved to another location. This approach is seen because of limitations relating to / एक बच्चा एक ऐसी वस्तु की खोज करता है, जहाँ वे पहले इसे दूसरे स्थान पर ले जाने के बाद भी पाते हैं। यह दृष्टिकोण से संबंधित सीमाओं के कारण देखा जाता है।
1. Attachment/ अनुलग्नक (अटैचमेंट)
2. Egocentrism/ स्वार्थ (इगोसेन्ट्रिज्म)
3. Conservation/ संरक्षण
4. Object permanence / वस्तु स्थायित्व
Correct Answer :-
• Object permanence / वस्तु स्थायित्व
20) Who developed a Psychosexual theory of human development from infancy onward? / शैशवावस्था से मानव विकास का एक मनोलैंगिक सिद्धांत किसने विकसित किया? 1. Erik Erikson / एरिक इरीकसन 2. Piaget / पियाजे 3. Sigmund Freud / सिगमन फ्रायड 4. Vygotsky / वाइगोत्सकी
Correct Answer :-
• Sigmund Freud / सिगमन फ्रायड
21) The concept of intelligence is more related to: / बौद्धिक अवधारणा इससे अधिक संबंधित है:
1. Concrete thinking / यथार्थपूर्ण चिंतन
1. Concrete thinking / यथार्थपूर्ण चिंतन 2. Intuitive thinking / सहज चिंतन
2. Intuitive thinking / सहज चिंतन

• Rational thinking / तर्कसंगत चिंतन
22) Rorchach ink blot test consists of / रोशार्क स्याही का धब्बा परीक्षण निम्न से बना होता है:
1. 10 black cards and 5 coloured cards10 / काले पत्ते और 5 रंगीन पत्ते
2. 10 black and 10 white cards / 10 काले और 10 सफेद पत्ते
3. 5 black and white cards and 5 coloured cards/ 5 काले और सफेद पत्ते और 5 रंगीन पत्ते
4. 10 multicoloured cards 10/ बहुरंगी पत्ते
Correct Answer :-
• 5 black and white cards and 5 coloured cards/ 5 काले और सफेद पत्ते और 5 रंगीन पत्ते
23) When failures are punished during childhood, it leads to / जब असफलताओं के लिए बचपन के दौरान दंडित किया जाता है, तो यह की ओर ले जाता है।
1. Negative reinforcement / नकारात्मक पुनर्बलन
2. Encouragement / प्रोत्साहन
3. Persistence / हठ
4. Learned helplessness / अधिगम विवशता
Correct Answer :-
• Learned helplessness / अधिगम विवशता
24) Maturity affects learning because it impacts -/ परिपक्वता अधिगम को प्रभावित करती है क्योंकि यह निम्न पर प्रभाव डालता है:
1. Motor skills/ प्रेरक कौशल
2. Readiness/ तत्परता
3. Cognitive capabilities/ संज्ञानात्मक क्षमताओं
4. Both motor and cognitive skills/ दोनो मोटर और संज्ञानात्मक कौशल
Correct Answer :-
• Both motor and cognitive skills/ दोनो मोटर और संज्ञानात्मक कौशल
25) According to the Social Learning Theory, there are 4 necessary conditions for effective modelling. Attention, retention and reproduction are 3 of these conditions.

Which is the 4th condition? / सामाजिक अधिगम सिद्धांत के अनुसार, प्रभावी मॉडलिंग के लिए 4 आवश्यक शर्तें हैं। ध्यान, अवधारण और प्रजनन ये 3 शर्तें हैं। चौथी शर्त क्या है? 1. Situation / स्थिति 2. Attraction / आकर्षण 3. Imagination / कल्पना 4. Motivation / प्रेरणा Correct Answer :-• Motivation / प्रेरणा 26) Creating positive classroom culture falls under the domain of : / सकारात्मक कक्षा संस्कृति का निर्माण निम्न क्षेत्र के अंतर्गत आता है: 1. Social need / सामाजिक आवश्यकता 2. Affective need / भावात्मक आवश्यकता 3. Psychomotor need /मनोप्रेरणा की आवश्यकता 4. Cognitive need /संज्ञात्मक आवश्यकता Correct Answer :-Affective need / भावात्मक आवश्यकता

27) Which of the following can be described as a positive reasoning style for failure in achieving success? / निम्नलिखित में से क्या सफलता प्राप्त करने में असफलता के लिए एक सकारात्मक तर्क स्टाइल के रूप में वर्णित कर सकता है?

- 1. Environment problem / वातावरणीय समस्या
- 2. Medical and Psychological Reasons / चिकित्सा और मनोवैज्ञानिक कारण
- 3. Difficulty in writing / लेखन में समस्या
- 4. Lack of Motivation and Interest to put efforts / प्रभाव डालने के लिए प्रेरणा और रुचि का अभाव

Correct Answer :-

• Lack of Motivation and Interest to put efforts / प्रभाव डालने के लिए प्रेरणा और रुचि का अभाव

28) Some parents do not explain the rules but force the child to adhere to them at any cost. This type of parenting is known as:/

कुछ माता-पिता नियमों की व्याख्या नहीं करते हैं लेकिन बच्चे को किसी भी कीमत पर उनका पालन करने के लिए मजबूर करते हैं। इस प्रकार की पेरेंटिंग को निम्न रूप में जाना जाता है:

- 1. Permissive Parenting / अनुमोदक पैरेंटिंग
- 2. Uninvolved Parenting / असम्मलित पैरेंटिंग
- 3. Authoritative Parenting / आधिकारिक पैरेंटिंग
- 4. Authoritarian Parenting/ सत्तावादी पेरेंटिंग

Correct Answer:-

• Authoritarian Parenting/ सत्तावादी पेरेंटिंग

29) Studies in human development take into consideration the period from: / मानव विकास में अध्ययन इस अवधि को ध्यान में रखता है:

- 1. Conception to adolescence / गर्भाधान से किशोरावस्था
- 2. Birth to adolescence / जन्म से किशोरावस्था
- 3. Birth to death / जन्म से मरण
- 4. Conception to death / गर्भाधान से मृत्यु

Correct Answer:-

• Conception to death / गर्भाधान से मृत्यु

30) CANCELLED

What is the full form of MBIT?/ एमबीआईटी का पूर्ण रूप क्या है?

- 1. Myers-Briggs test instructions / मायर्स-ब्रिग्स परीक्षा निर्देश
- 2. Myers-Briggs type of indicator / मायर्स-ब्रिग्स प्रकार संकेतक
- 3. Myers-Bricks type of indicator / मायर्स-ब्रिक्स प्रकार संकेतक
- 4. Myers-Bricks test instructions / मायर्स- ब्रिक्स परीक्षा निर्देश

Correct Answer:-

• Myers-Briggs type of indicator / मायर्स-ब्रिग्स प्रकार संकेतक

Topic:- General English(L1GE)

1) Fill in the blank with the correct option in the given sentence:
A person's way of expressing himself orally is called histion.
1. dic
2. form
3. ac
4. dec
Correct Answer :-
• dic
2) Fill in the blank with the correct option in the given sentence:
Major firms are controvers sending more and more work to countries where labour is cheap.
1y
2ially
3ial
4ies
Correct Answer :-
•ially
3) Which of the following options best combines the given sentences?
3) Which of the following options best combines the given sentences? Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate?
Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate?
Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate? 1. Which you prefer, tropical climate or else a temperate climate?
Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate? 1. Which you prefer, tropical climate or else a temperate climate? 2. Would you rather live in a tropical climate or in a temperate climate?
 Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate? Which you prefer, tropical climate or else a temperate climate? Would you rather live in a tropical climate or in a temperate climate? Rather you like tropical climate or would you rather live in a temperate climate?
 Would you rather live in a tropical climate? Would you rather live in a temperate climate? 1. Which you prefer, tropical climate or else a temperate climate? 2. Would you rather live in a tropical climate or in a temperate climate? 3. Rather you like tropical climate or would you rather live in a temperate climate? 4. Whether you like tropical climate or a temperate climate?

prospect is something that might happen in future.
1. The the
2. A no article required
3. A the
4. No article required no article required
Correct Answer :-
• A the
5) Choose appropriate article for the given sentence:
He was abandoned by his parents and he became like orphan at a very early age.
1. an
2. the
3. a
4. no article
Correct Answer :-
• an
6) Choose the appropriate option that rewrites the given sentence in its passive voice.
Several external influences have shaped Indian culture.
1. Indian culture is been shaped by several external influence.
2. Indian culture was shaped by several external influences.
3. The Indian culture has shaped several external influences.
4. Indian culture has been shaped by several external influences.
Correct Answer :-
Indian culture has been shaped by several external influences.
7) Choose the appropriate synonym for the highlighted word in the given sentence.
He was given a lot of praise for his good work.
1. reward
2. disregard

	3. compliment	
	4. flattery	
	Correct Answer :-	
	• compliment	
		e to fill in the blanks in the given sentence:
	The Mumbai Express usually	on time, but today it late by an hour.
	1. came comes	
	2. comes came	
	3. come is coming	
	4. is comingcomes	
	Correct Answer :-	
	• comes came	
	9) Choose the appropriate tens	e to fill in the blank in the given sentence:
		e to fill in the blank in the given sentence: rain, I can see dark clouds now.
	I think it	
	I think it	
	I think it	
	I think it	
	I think it	
-	I think it	
	I think it	rain, I can see dark clouds now.
	I think it	rain, I can see dark clouds now.

3. sorrows
4. hassles
 Correct Answer :-
• pleasure
11) Choose the appropriate conjunction for the given sentence.
the alarm goes off, I hit the snooze button.
1. Since
2. Once
3. As much as
4. As soon as
 Correct Answer :-
• As soon as
 12) Choose the appropriate determiner for the given sentence:
In spite of progress in his work, he did not lose hope.
In spite of progress in his work, he did not lose hope. 1. many
1. many
1. many 2. much
1. many 2. much 3. any
 many much any little
 1. many 2. much 3. any 4. little Correct Answer:-
 1. many 2. much 3. any 4. little Correct Answer :- • little
 many much any little little Correct Answer:- little Choose the appropriate prepositions for the given sentence:
 1. many 2. much 3. any 4. little Correct Answer:- • little 13) Choose the appropriate prepositions for the given sentence: Reston, Virginia, there is a modern school built a mountain.
 many much any little little Correct Answer:- little 13) Choose the appropriate prepositions for the given sentence: Reston, Virginia, there is a modern school built a mountain. On across

4. From on	
Correct Answer :-	
• In inside	
14) Choose the appropriate indirect speech for the given sentence .	
"Politics is the game of the wealthy, it will not change tomorrow or even later" said Rajaji.	
1. Rajaji called politics as the game of the wealthy and noted it should not change tomorrow or even later.	
2. Rajaji told politics is the game of the wealthy and it will not changed tomorrow or even later.	
3. Rajaji said that politics was the game of the wealthy and that it would not change the next day or even later.	
4. Rajaji said that politics will be the same of the wealthy and it will not change the next day or even later.	
Correct Answer :-	
Rajaji said that politics was the game of the wealthy and that it would not change the next day or even later.	
15) Choose an appropriate modal for the given sentence: This is a hospital. You not smoke here.	
1. could	
2. need	
3. must	
4. may	
Correct Answer :-	
• must	
16) Choose the option that best explains the highlighted expression:	
16) Choose the option that best explains the highlighted expression: The plan has been given the thumbs up.	
The plan has been given the thumbs up.	
The plan has been given the thumbs up. 1. a nod	

Correct Answer :-
• a nod
17) Choose the most suitable pronoun for the given sentence:
Did you paint this? I can't believe that this is
1. his
2. yours
3. ours
4. hers
Correct Answer :-
• yours
18) Read the sentence carefully and choose the option that has an error in it:
18) Read the sentence carefully and choose the option that has an error in it: A century has being scored by Sachin.
A century has being scored by Sachin.
A century has being scored by Sachin. 1. No error
A century has being scored by Sachin. 1. No error 2. A century
A century has being scored by Sachin. 1. No error 2. A century 3. has being
A century has being scored by Sachin. 1. No error 2. A century 3. has being 4. scored by Sachin.

Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Italy, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theater an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble ranging from a small instrumental ensemble to a full symphonic orchestra. The Italian word opera means "work", both in the sense of the labour done and the result produced.

What are the words of the opera known as?

1. Musical

3. Lyrics
4. Libretto
Correct Answer :-
• Libretto
20) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Italy, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theater an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble ranging from a small instrumental ensemble to a full symphonic orchestra. The Italian word opera means "work", both in the sense of the labour done and the result produced.
Where did Opera originate?
1. Italy
2. America
3. England
4. Africa
Correct Answer :-
• Italy
21) Read the passage and answer the question that follows:

Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Italy, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theater an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble ranging from a small instrumental ensemble to a full symphonic orchestra. The Italian word *opera* means "work", both in the sense of the labour done and the result produced.

How is drama presented in Opera?

- 1. Through music and dance
- 2. Through the orchestra present
- 3. Through costumes

2. Vocal

4. Through primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting

Through primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting

22) Read the passage and answer the question that follows:

The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family.

	According to the author	r, who is responsible t	for the trouble that emer	ງes in families?
--	-------------------------	-------------------------	---------------------------	------------------

- 1. Children
- 2. Society
- 3. The parents
- 4. Relatives

Correct Answer:-

• The parents

23) Read the passage and answer the question that follows:

The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family.

In the passage, what are the basic needs for a growing youth?

- 1. Moral values
- 2. Respect and individuality
- 3. Family, love, attention, bonding and also moral values
- 4. Family, love, attention

Family, love, attention, bonding and also moral values
24) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in
bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family.
What should be respected in order to maintain the sanctity of the family?
1. Splurging pocket money
2. Overnight parties
3. Extravagance.
4. Independence and individuality
Correct Answer :-
Independence and individuality
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·
25) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to
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25) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family. What begins at home?
25) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family. What begins at home? 1. Learning moral values
25) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family. What begins at home? 1. Learning moral values 2. Respect
25) Read the passage and answer the question that follows: The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home'. Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family. What begins at home? 1. Learning moral values 2. Respect 3. Happiness

26) Rewrite the following changing the active sentence to passive.
Ria bought a pair of earrings.
1. A pair of earrings had been bought by Ria.
2. A pair of earrings had been bought for Ria by him.
3. A pair of earrings was bought for Ria.
4. A pair of earrings was bought by Ria.
Correct Answer :-
A pair of earrings was bought by Ria.
27) Choose the right tag:
I often come home late from office,?
1. do I
2. don't I
3. didn't I
4. is It
Correct Answer :-
• don't I
28) Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Italy, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theater an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theater such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble ranging from a small instrumental ensemble to a full symphonic orchestra. The Italian word <i>opera</i> means "work", both in the sense of the labour done and the result produced.
What is the meaning of the word "opera"?
1. Energy
2. Scenery
3. Work

4. Lyrics

Correct Answer :-
• Work
29) Choose the option that substitutes the given phrase appropriately.
In exactly the same words as were used in the original
1. Facsimile
2. Duplicate
3. Photocopy
4. Verbatim
Correct Answer :-
Verbatim
30) Choose the right tag:
She grinned at you?
1. isn't she
2. wasn't she
3. didn't she
4. did she
Correct Answer :-
• didn't she
Topic:- General Urdu(L2GU)
مصحیح لفظہ کے الفظہ ہے
 1) صحیح لفظ ہے مجموعہ مزموآ مزموآ
ه. م. ۲
2. 15 J

- مضموعه ۽
- مجموعا 🛕

مجموعه

- جملہ 'آسان سے تارے توڑنا' ہے
- دكاي**ت** _{1.}
- کہانی پر
- کہاوت ج
- محاوره 4.

Correct Answer:-

محاوره .

- 3) شاہد عزیز صدیقی کا تخلص تھا
- تجاز
- روش ج
- آزاد _{..}
- جوش پر

روش .

- ار دوافسانے کے بنیاد گزار ہیں
- پریم چند 1.
- کرشن چندر _د
- منطو 3
- نذير

Correct Answer:-

پریم چند

- مسرت کے معنی ہے
- خوشی _{1.}
- و کھ
- نم ۽
- تكليف 4

Correct Answer:-

خوشي

كيفي اعظمي كاتعلق تها

- سیاست سے
- ہذہبے ج
- شاعری سے _{3.}
- نثرے _{4.}

Correct Answer:-

شاعری ہے .

- وہ مصدر جو فاعل اور مفعول دونوں کو ظاہر کرے،اسے کہتے ہیں
- عاصل مصدر
- مصدرلازم
- مصدراصلی
- مصدر متعدی

Correct Answer:-

مصدر متعدی

- 'بانگ درا' کس کی کتاب ہے
- قسر**ت** ،

- اقبال 2.
- ح**فیظ** 3.
- شاد .

اقبال

- 'آخری کوشش' کے خالق ہیں
- منٹو 1.
- نذير 2.
- حیات الله انصاری _{..}
- پريم چند 4.

- حیات الله،
 عصمت چغتائی کاافسانه ہے

 چوشمی کا جوڑا

 میست کفن دور میں کفن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کفن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کے
 میست کی کارنس کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کی کشن کے
 میست کے
 میست کی کئی کے
 میست کی کئی کے
 میست کی کئی کے
 میست کے
 می

نىجات 4.

Correct Answer:-

- چو تھی کاجوڑا
- غیر افسانوی نثر میں شامل ہے
- فسانه
- ۇرامىر ي
- داستان 3.
- خود نوشت سواخ م

Correct Answer:-

- خود نوشت سواخ
- تکبر کے معنی ہے
- گھمنٹر 1.
- تكبير
- غم ء
- خوشی 4

گھنڈ .

افسانوی نثر میں شامل ہے

سواخ 1.

ر **پ**ورتاژ 2.

غاكه _{3.}

ناول _{4.}

Correct Answer:-

ناول

على عباس حسيني تتھے

خاكه نگار ..

ڈرامہ نگار 2.

ثاعر ۽

افسانہ نگار

Correct Answer :-

افسانه نگار

داخلی صنف کہاجاتاہے غزل کو 1.

- نظم کو 2.
- قطعه کو _{..}
- ر باعی کو 4.

Correct Answer:-

غزل کو

درج ذیل میں سے شعری صنف ہے

- انشائيه 1
- غزل 2.
- خاكه _{3.}

Correct Answer:-

غزل

- ار تكاز _{2.}
- انتشار 4.

انتشار

'کفن' کاایک کردارہے

- مادھو 2.
- ہوری _{3.}
- صغریٰ ہے

Correct Answer:-

مادھو

- ماصل مصدر ... مصدر متعدی ... 2. مصدر اصلی ... مصدر الازم ... 4.

مصدرلازم

'میراسفر' کےخالق ہیں ⁽²⁰

نزير

سر دار جعفری

ظير

مجروح _{4.}

Correct Answer:-

سر دار جعفر ی

درج ذیل شعر کس کاہے؟ اے شوق نظارہ کیا کہیے نظروں میں کوئی صورت ہی نہیں اے ذوق تصور کیا سیجیے ہم صورت جاناں بھول گئے

مجاز 1.

شاد _{2.}

اقبال پ

حفيظ

مجاز .

درج ذیل میں ہے کس کا تعلق ترقی پہند شاعری ہے ہے

- اساعیل میر تھی
- جميل جالبي
- ميراجي
- سردار جعفری

Correct Answer:-

سر دار جعفری

ڈرامے کے لیے ضروری ہے

- گريز 1
- ركالمه د
- , *R*
- دعا پر

Correct Answer:-

مكالمه

قرةالعين حيدر كاناول ہے

- آگ کادریا _{1.}
- ابن الوقت 2.
- خدا کی بستی 🔉
- ٹیڑھی ککیر

Correct Answer :-

آ گ کادریا

سب سے درست اور مناسب جملہ ہے

- آپ نے میری کتاب پڑھ لی
- تونے ہماری کتاب پڑھی
- تم نے میری کتاب پڑھ لی
- میری کتاب تم نے پڑھ ڈالی

Correct Answer :-

آپ نے میری کتاب پڑھ لی

'ننگ د نیا کوسلام' کس کی نظم ہے

سر دار 1.

- مجروح 2.
- مخدوم 3.
- کیفی 4.

سردار

راجندر سنگھ بیدی کا تعلق ہے

- ناول سے 2.
- شاعری سے 3.
- ڈرامہے _{4.}

Correct Answer:-

ناول سے

وہ اسم جو مصدر بنے اور مفعول کے معنی دے۔ مثلاً مقتول، مقبول وغیر ہ، کہلاتا ہے

- اسم اشاره 1.
- اسم فاعل 2. اسم نکره 3.

اسم مفعول 4.

Correct Answer:-

ما فوق فطری عناصر ہوتے ہیں

- ناول میں 2.
- مرشیه میں 3.
- مثنوی میں

Correct Answer:-

مثنوى ميں

محاورہ' گلے باندھنا' کامطلب ہے

- چيزدينا 1.
- زېردستى كوئى چيزلينا _{2.}
- زبردستی کوئی چیزدینا عدینا کوئی چیزدینا 4.

TOPIC: TIGUICITIALICS (TIAT	Topic:-	Mathematics	(MAT)
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- 1. algebraic equation / बीजगणितीय समीकरण
- 2. monomial polynomial / एकपदीय बहुपद
- 3. binomial polynomial / द्विपदीय बहुपद
- 4. trinomial polynomial / त्रिपदीय बहुपद

• binomial polynomial / द्विपदीय बहुपद

2) If the perpendicular distance of a point P from the x-axis is 8 units

and the foot of the perpendicular lies on the negative direction of x-axis, then the point P has: / यदि x-अक्ष से एक बिंदु P की लंबवत दूरी 8 इकाई है

और लंब का पद x-अक्ष की ऋणात्मक दिशा पर स्थित है, तो बिंदु P में हैं:

- 1. Ordinate = 8 / कोटि = 8
- 2. Abscissa= 8 or -8 / भुज = 8 अथवा -8
- 3. Abscissa = 8 / ਮੁੱਚ =8
- 4. Abscissa = -8 / भुज = -8

Correct Answer:-

• Ordinate = 8 / कोटि = 8

3) If the CSA of a right circular cone is 12320 sq cm and its base radius is 56 cm, then its height is:

यदि एक लंब वर्त्तुल शंकु का वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 12320 वर्ग सेमी तथा इसकी आधार त्रिज्या 56 सेमी है, तो इसकी ऊँचाई है:

- 1. 42 cm / 42 सेमी
- 2. 24 cm / 24 सेमी

3. 40cm / 40 सेमी
4. 21 cm / 21 सेमी
Correct Answer :-
• 42 cm / 42
4) What is predecessor of natural number 1? /
प्राकृत संख्या 1 की पूर्ववर्ती संख्या क्या है?
1. 2
2. 1
3. no predecessor / कोई पूर्ववर्ती संख्या नहीं है
4. 0
Correct Answer :-
• no predecessor / कोई पूर्ववर्ती संख्या नहीं है
5) Which one of the following is not an objective of scholastic assessment? /
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण 3. Comprehension / समझ
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण 3. Comprehension / समझ 4. Attitude / मनोवृत्ति Correct Answer :-
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निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण 3. Comprehension / समझ 4. Attitude / मनोवृत्ति Correct Answer :- • Attitude / मनोवृत्ति 6) A regular pentagon has perimeter of 45 cm. What is the length of one side? / एक सम पंचभुज का परिमाप 45 सेमी है। इसके एक भुजा की लंबाई कितनी है?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विद्वानों के मूल्यांकन का एक उद्देश्य नहीं है? 1. Knowledge / ज्ञान 2. Analysis / विश्लेषण 3. Comprehension / समझ 4. Attitude / मनोवृत्ति Correct Answer :- • Attitude / मनोवृत्ति 6) A regular pentagon has perimeter of 45 cm. What is the length of one side? / एक सम पंचभुज का परिमाप 45 सेमी है। इसके एक भुजा की लंबाई कितनी है? 1. 9 cm / 9 सेमी

Correct Answer:-

- 9 cm / 9 सेमी
- 7) If ${\bf p}=-2$, ${\bf q}=3$, and ${\bf z}=2$, then find the value of $\frac{p^z+q^q-z^5}{\frac{p}{z}+pq-pqz}$. / यदि ${\bf p}=-2$, ${\bf q}=3$, एवं ${\bf z}=2$ है, तो $\frac{p^z+q^q-z^5}{\frac{p}{z}+pq-pqz}$ का मान ज्ञात करें।
- $-\frac{9}{5}$
- $-\frac{31}{2}$
- $-\frac{1}{5}$
- 4. 19

Correct Answer:-

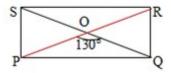
 $-\frac{1}{5}$

- 8) $\frac{1}{x^2 5x + 6} + \frac{1}{x^2 7x + 12} \frac{2}{x^2 6x + 8} =$
- 1. (x-3)
- 2. (x-2)
- 3. 0
- 4. (x-4)

Correct Answer:-

• 0

The diagonals of a rectangle PQRS intersect at the point O. If ∠POQ = 130°, then ∠ORS =? /
आयत PQRS के विकर्ण एक-दूसरे को बिंदु O पर प्रतिच्छेदित करते
हैं। यदि ∠POQ = 130°, तब ∠ORS =?



- 30° 1.
- 2. 25°
- 130° 3.
- 50°

Correct Answer:-

25°

 10)
 The area of sector of a circle of radius 10 cm and of angle 60° is ______.
 /

 10 सेमी त्रिज्या तथा 60° कोण वाले एक वृत्त के त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल _____. है।

$$\frac{157}{6} \text{sq cm} / \frac{157}{6} \text{ वर्ग सेमी}$$

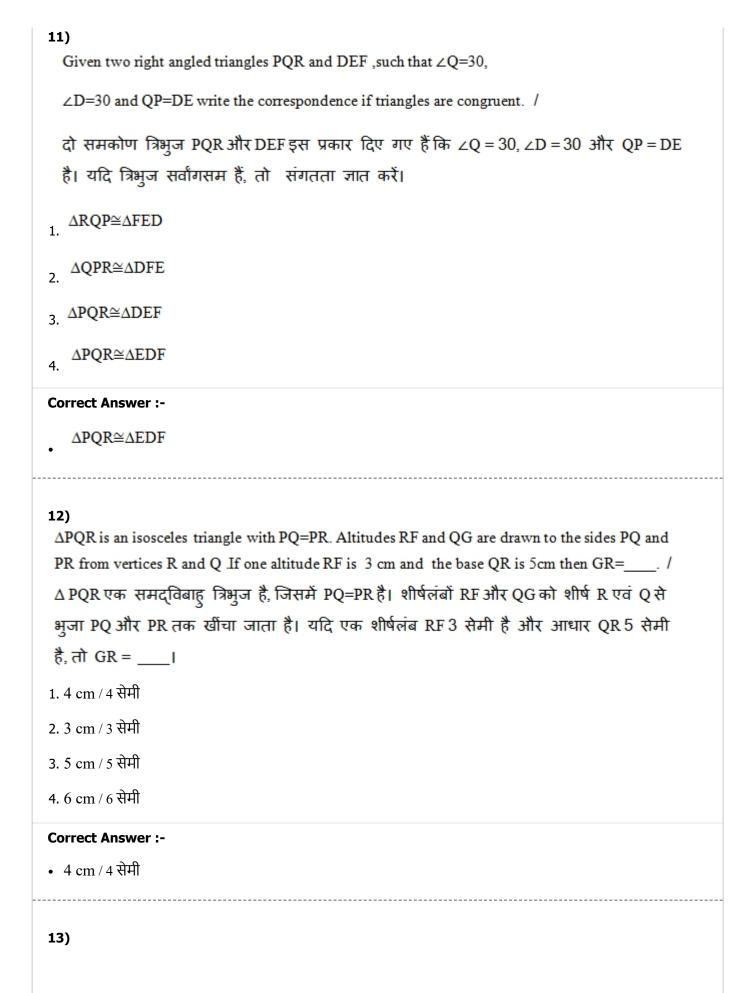
$$\frac{157}{3} \text{ sq cm} / \frac{157}{3} \text{ वर्ग सेमी}$$

$$\frac{167}{3}$$
 sq cm / $\frac{167}{3}$ वर्ग सेमी

4. 157 sq cm / 157 वर्ग सेमी

Correct Answer:-

$$\frac{157}{3}$$
 sq cm / $\frac{157}{3}$ वर्ग सेमी



AD is a median of \triangle ABC and M is the midpoint of AD. If the area of \triangle BMD is 2.5 cm², then the area of \triangle ABC is / \triangle ABC की एक माध्यिका AD है तथा AD का मध्यिबंदु M है। यदि \triangle BMD का क्षेत्रफल 2.5 सेमी² है, तो \triangle ABC का क्षेत्रफल है।
1. $20 \text{ cm}^2 / 20 $
2. $10 \text{ cm}^2 / 10 \text{ सेमी}^2$ 3. $5 \text{ cm}^2 / 5 \text{ सेमी}^2$
4. 25 cm ² / 25 सेमी ²
Correct Answer :- • $10 \text{ cm}^2 / 10 \text{ सेमी}^2$
14) Anu's age is $\frac{1}{3}$ rd. of her mother's age .If Anu's age is 12 then mother's age is / अनु की आयु उसकी माँ की आयु का 1/3 है। यदि अनु की आयु 12 वर्ष है, तो माँ की आयु है: 1. 36 2. 24 3. 35 4. 30 Correct Answer:-
- 50
15)

The length of two trains T1 and T2 are 620 m and 480 m respectively. The length of the freight train T3 is twice the sum of T1 & T2. Find the time required by T3 to cover a post on the platform if it has a speed of 20 m/s. [time = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}}$] /

दो ट्रेन T1 एवं T2 की लंबाई क्रमश: 620 मीटर और 480 मीटर है। मालगाड़ी T3 की लंबाई ट्रेन T1 एवं T2 के योग का दोगुना है। यदि इसकी गति 20 मीटर/सेकंड है, तो T3 द्वारा एक प्लेटफ़ॉर्म पर एक पोस्ट को पार करने के लिए आवश्यक समय ज्ञात करें?

- 1. 3 minute 10 seconds / 3 मिनट 10 सेकंड
- 2. 1 minute 50 seconds / 1 मिनट 50 सेकंड
- 3. 2 minutes 10 seconds / 2 मिनट 10 सेकंड
- 4. 2 minutes 40 seconds / 2 मिनट 40 सेकंड

Correct Answer:-

- 1 minute 50 seconds / 1 मिनट 50 सेकंड
- 16) If $\frac{3x+y+2}{3} = \frac{3x-y-1}{2} = \frac{x+3y+1}{4}$, then find the value of x and y. यदि $\frac{3x+y+2}{3} = \frac{3x-y-1}{2} = \frac{x+3y+1}{4}$ है, तो x एवं y के मान ज्ञात करें।

$$x = -2$$
, $y = \frac{-13}{5}$

1.

$$x = \frac{7}{8}, y = -5$$

8

$$x = \frac{1}{3}, y = \frac{3}{4}$$

4.
$$x = 2$$
, $y = 3$

Correct Answer:-

$$x = -2$$
, $y = \frac{-13}{5}$

17)

If α and β are the zeroes of the polynomial x^2-5x+k , where $\alpha-\beta=1$, then k=___. / यदि α एवं β बहूपद x^2-5x+k के शुल्यक हैं, जहाँ $\alpha-\beta=1$ है, तो k=___

	_	6
1		u

2. 2

3. 3

4.6

Correct Answer:

• 6

18) Four figures are plotted on a graph sheet as mentioned in the following table.

		5P		
Covered area	Figure 1	Figure 2	Figure 3	Figure 4
Fully-filled	5	8	6	4
squares				
Half-filled	7	_	2	5
squares				
More than half	4	4	_	8
filled squares				
Less than half	9	7	_	_
filled square				

Find the figure with larger area. /

निम्न तालिका में वर्णित ग्राफ शीट पर चार आँकड़े दिए गए हैं।

कवर किया गया	आंकड़ा 1	आंकड़ा 2	आंकड़ा 3	आंकड़ा 4
क्षेत्र				
पूर्ण रूप से भरे	5	8	6	4
वर्ग				
आधे भरे वर्ग	7	_	2	5
आधे से अधिक	4	4	_	8
भरे वर्ग				
आधे से कम भरे	9	7	-	_
वर्ग				

सबसे बड़े क्षेत्र का आंकड़ा ज्ञात करें।

- 1. Figure 4 / आंकड़ा 4
- 2. Figure 2 / आंकड़ा 2
- 3. Figure 1 / आंकड़ा 1
- 4. Figure 3 / आंकड़ा 3

Correct Answer:-

22) Find the GCD of 10, 20, and 30. /
10, 20 और 30 का महत्तम सर्वभाजक (GCD) ज्ञात करें।
1. 10
2. 60
3. 15
4. 30
Correct Answer :-
• 10
23) A scaled down teaching encounter is known as /
अवश्रेणीयन (स्केल्ड डाउन) शिक्षण संघर्ष के रूप में जाना जाता है।
1. Macro teaching / वृहत शिक्षण (मैक्रो टीचिंग)
2. Micro teaching / सूक्ष्म शिक्षण (माइक्रो टीचिंग)
3. Mastery teaching / प्रवीण शिक्षण (मास्ट्री टीचिंग)
4. Model teaching / मॉडल शिक्षण (मॉडल टीचिंग)
Correct Answer :-
• Micro teaching / सूक्ष्म शिक्षण (माइक्रो टीचिंग)
24) Postulates are assumptions specific to /
स्वयंसिद्ध, विशिष्ट से की अवधारणाएं हैं।
1. trigonometry / त्रिकोणमिति
2. algebra / बीजगणित
3. geometry / ज्यामिति
4. arithmetic / अंकगणित
Correct Answer :-
• geometry / ज्यामिति
25) 'Algorithms De numero Indorum' was a work on Arabic Arithmetic by /

ृएल्गोरिदम डी न्यूमेरो इंडोरम'	_ के द्वारा अरब अंकगणित पर किया गया कार्य था।
1. Al Kharkli / अल खरक्ली	
2. Abil-Wefer / अबिल-वेफेर	
3. Omar Khayyam / उमर खय्याम	
4. Al-Khwarizmi / अल-ख्वारिज्मी	
Correct Answer :-	
• Al-Khwarizmi / अल-ख्वारिज्मी	
26) is the ability for a child less things when he/she is fit to consume f	of two years who is able to distinguish between more and food. /
दो साल के बच्चे की क्षमता अधिक और कम चीजों के बीच अंतर करने	है जो भोजन का उपभोग करने के लिए फिट होने पर में सक्षम है।
1. Understanding of notations / संकेतन की सम	झ
2. Recognition of numbers / संख्या की पहचान	
3. Recognition of notations / संकेतन की पहचान	
4. Innate number sense / सहज संख्या बोध	
Correct Answer :-	
• Innate number sense / सहज संख्या बोध	
27) Rhombus is formed by joining the mid	points of the adiacent sides of a . /
के आसन्न भुजाओं के मध्यबिंदुओं को मिलाने	
1. Rectangle / आयत	
2. Parallelogram / समानांतर चतुर्भुज	
3. Rhombus / समचतुर्भुज	
4. Kite / पतंग	
Correct Answer :-	
• Rectangle / आयत	
28) The mean weight of 7 boys is 45 kg. T	he weights of 6 of them are
53 kg, 45 kg, 40 kg, 37 kg, 42 kg and 50 kg	
· - · - · - · - · - · - ·	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

7 लड़कों का माध्य वजन 45 किग्रा है। उनमें से 6 का वजन 53 किग्रा, 45 किग्रा, 40 किग्रा, 37 किग्रा, 42 किग्रा तथा 50 किग्रा है। 7वें लड़के का वजन ज्ञात करें।
1. 42 kg / 42 किग्रा
2. 48 kg / 48 किग्रा
3. 45 kg / 45 किग्रा
4. 50 kg / 50 किग्रा
Correct Answer :-
• 48 kg / 48 कि ग्रा
29) The degree of the polynomial $(2x-8) \div (8-2x)$: /
बहुपद $(2x-8) \div (8-2x)$ की घात है:
1. 1
2. 3
3. 2
4. 0
Correct Answer :-
• 0
30) The action verb for giving examples of different types of sets is /
विभिन्न प्रकार के समुच्चयों के उदाहरण देने के लिए क्रियात्मक क्रिया है।
1. classifying / वर्गीकरण
2. comparing / तुलना
3. differentiating / विभेदन
4. listing / सूचीकरण
Correct Answer :-
• classifying / वर्गीकरण
31) The graph of the linear equation $2x + 5y = 10$ is a line which meets the x-axis at the point / रैखिक समीकरण $2x + 5y = 10$ का ग्राफ़ एक रेखा है जो बिंदु पर x-अक्ष से मिलता है।

1. (0,2)
2. (1,2)
3. (5,0)
4. (2,5)
Correct Answer :-
• (5,0)
32) Which property is used to equate: /
समीकृत करने के लिए किस गुणधर्म का उपयोग किया जाता है: i. 19 × 13 = 190 + 57 ii. (-34 - 53) + 23 = - 34 + -30
1. i - Commutative property, ii - Associative property / i - क्रमविनिमेय गुण, ii - सहचारी गुण
2. i - Distributive property, ii - Closure property / i - वितरणात्मक गुण, ii - समापन गुण
3. i - Commutative property, ii - Closure property / i - क्रमविनिमेय गुण, ii - समापन गुण
4. i - Distributive property, ii - Associative property / i - वितरणात्मक गुण, ii - सहचारी गुण
Correct Answer :-
• i - Distributive property, ii - Associative property / i - वितरणात्मक गुण, ii - सहचारी गुण
33) Choose the solution for the equation: $x+9=12$.
समीकरण: x+9 = 12 के हल का चयन करें।
1. 3
2. 4
2. 4
3. 2
3. 2 4. 6
3. 2
3. 2 4. 6 Correct Answer :-

37) The area of the triangle whose vertices are $P(2,0)$, $Q(5,0)$ and $R(5,2)$ is: /
उस त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात करें जिसका शीर्ष $P(2,0), Q(5,0)$ एवं $R(5,2)$ है:
1. 25 units ² / 25 इकाई ²
2. 6 units ² / 6 इकाई ²
3. 4 units ² / 4 इकाई ²
4. 3 units ² / 3 इकाई ²
Correct Answer :-
• 3 units ² / 3 इकाई ²
38) Which one of the following points does not lie on the line $2y = 5x-2?$
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी बिंदु रेखा $2y = 5x-2$ पर स्थित नहीं है?
1. (0,-1)
2. (-4,-11)
3. (-2,6)
4. (2,4)
Correct Answer :-
• (-2,6)
39) Which one of the following is not a teaching style? /
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी एक शिक्षण शैली नहीं है?
1. Scolding / चिल्लाना
2. Demonstration / प्रदर्शन
3. Inquiry / जांच
4. Discovery / अन्वेषण
Correct Answer :-
• Scolding / चिल्लाना
40) Which one of the following statements is false about polynomial? /

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन बहुपद के संबंध में असत्य है?

- 1. According to division algorithm, the dividend polynomial p(x) when divided by divisor g(x), gives quotient q(x) and remainder r(x) such that p(x) = g(x)q(x) + r(x), where degree of $r(x) \ge$ degree of g(x). / विभाजन गणनविधि के अनुसार, भाज्य बहुपद p(x) को जब भाजक g(x) से विभाजित किया जाता है, तो भागफल q(x) एवं शेष r(x) इस प्रकार देता है कि p(x) = g(x) q(x) + r(x), जहाँ r(x) का घात r(x) का घात r(x) का घात r(x) का घात r(x)
- 2. A polynomial with degree 3 can have a maximum of 3 zeros (roots). / घात 3 के साथ एक बहुपद में अधिकतम 3 शून्य(मूल) हो सकते हैं।
- 3. A polynomial with degree 2 can have a maximum of 2 zeros (roots). / घात 2 के साथ एक बहुपद में अधिकतम 2 शून्य(मूल) हो सकते हैं।
- 4. If the graph of an equation intersects the x-axis at two points, then the equation has 2 zeros (roots). / यदि एक समीकरण का ग्राफ x-अक्ष को दो बिंदुओं पर काटता है, तो समीकरण में 2 शून्य (मूल) होते हैं।

Correct Answer:-

According to division algorithm, the dividend polynomial p(x) when divided by divisor g(x), gives quotient q(x) and remainder r(x) such that p(x) = g(x)q(x) + r(x), where degree of r(x) ≥ degree of g(x). / विभाजन गणनविधि के अनुसार, भाज्य बहुपद p(x) को जब भाजक g(x) से विभाजित किया जाता है, तो भागफल q(x) एवं शेष r(x) इस प्रकार देता है कि p(x) = g(x) q(x) + r(x), जहाँ r(x) का घात ≥ g(x) का घात है।

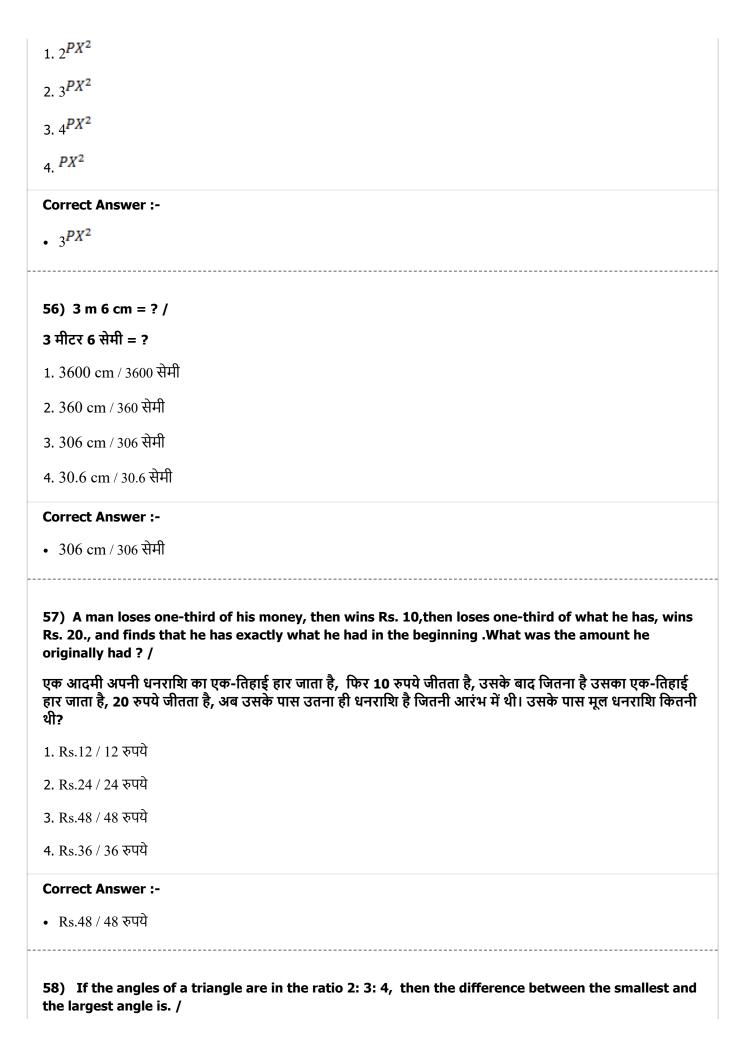
41) Abscissa is also known as the/
भुज (भुजांक) के नाम से भी जाना जाता है।
1. X-axis / X - अक्ष
2. Point / बिंदु
3. Ordinate / कोटि अक्ष
4. Y-axis / Y - अक्ष
Correct Answer :-
• X-axis / X - अक्ष
42) Visualizations and drawing conclusion is achieved through the study of ./
कल्पना और रेखांकन निष्कर्ष के अध्ययन के माध्यम से प्राप्त किया जाता है।
1. Analytical Geometry / विश्लेषणात्मक ज्यामिति
2. Spatial geometry / स्थानिक ज्यामिति
3. Algebra / बीजगणित
4. Arithmetic / अंकगणित
Correct Answer :-

• Spatial geometry / स्थानिक ज्यामिति
43) The length of the rubber tube is 44 cm. If it's two ends are joined together, then it forms the circle. The area of circle is: / रबड़ ट्यूब की लंबाई 44 सेमी है। यदि इसके दो छोर एक साथ जोड़ दिए जाते हैं, तो यह वृत्त बनाता है। वृत्त का क्षेत्रफल है:
1. $14 \text{ cm}^2 / 14 सेमी^2$
2. $44 \text{ cm}^2 / 44 सेमी^2$
3. $154 \text{ cm}^2 / 154 \ \text{सेमी}^2$
4. $28 \text{ cm}^2 / 28 $
Correct Answer :-
• 154 cm ² / 154 सेमी ²
44) The sum of the digits of a two-digit number is 5. If 9 is subtracted from the number, the digits interchange their places. Then the unit digit of the number is: /
दो अंकीय संख्या के अंकों का योग 5 है। यदि संख्या में से 9 घटाया जाता है, तो अंक अपने स्थान परिवर्तित कर लेते हैं, तो संख्या का इकाई अंक है:
1. 2
2. 9
3. 7
4. 6
Correct Answer :- • 2
45) If the perimeter and area of a circle are numerically equal, then the radius of the circle is/
यदि एक वृत्त की परिधि तथा क्षेत्रफल संख्यात्मक रूप से समान है, तो वृत्त की त्रिज्या है।
1. 3 units / 3 হুকার্হ 2. 1 unit / 1 হুকার্হ
2. 1 unit / 1 इकाई 3. 4 units / 4 इकाई
4. 2 units / 2 इकाई
Correct Answer :-

• 2 units / 2 হ্বকার্হ
46) "Let no one enter who is ignorant of mathematics" was stated by/
"गणित से अनभिज्ञ कोई भी व्यक्ति प्रवेश न करे।" द्वारा कहा गया था।
1. Thales / थेल्स
2. Pythagoras / पाइथागोरस
3. Enchid / एनचिड
4. Plato / प्लेटो
Correct Answer :-
• Plato / प्लेटो
47) The abscissa of the point of intersection of less than ogive and more than ogive is/
चाप विकर्ण (ogive) से कम तथा चाप विकर्ण से अधिक के प्रतिच्छेदन बिंदु की भुज (abscissa) है।
1. Mode / ৰहুলক
2. Mean / माध्य
3. Median / माध्यिका
4. None of the above / उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं
Correct Answer :-
• Median / माध्यिका
48) Find the odd one out. /
विषम चुनें।
1. <
2. =
3. 0
4. ≠
Correct Answer :-
• 0

49) Generalisation of Arithmetic is: /
अंकगणित का सामान्यीकरण है:
1. Algebra / बीजगणित
2. Probability / प्रायिकता
3. Statistics / सांख्यिकी
4. Calculus / कैल्कुलस
Correct Answer :-
• Algebra / बीजगणित
50) A single linear equation in two variables has: /
दो चरों में एकल रैखिक समीकरण होते हैं:
1. Maximum two solutions / अधिकतम दो हल
2. An unique solution / एक अद्वितीय हल
3. Infinitely many solutions / अनंत हल
4. More than 2 but less than 4 solutions / दो से अधिक लेकिन 4 से कम हल
Correct Answer :-
• Infinitely many solutions / अनंत हल
51) 'Let no one who is unacquainted with geometry enter here' is connected with /
कोई भी व्यक्ति जो ज्यामिति से अपरिचित है, यहाँ प्रवेश न करे।', ये से संबंधित है।
1. The Sophist School / सोफिस्ट स्कूल
2. The Platonic School / प्लेटोनिक स्कूल
3. The First Alexandrian School / पहला अलेक्जेंड्रियन स्कूल
4. The Ionic School / आयोनिक स्कूल
Correct Answer :-
• The Platonic School / प्लेटोनिक स्कूल
52) Which of the following is considered as undefined term? /
निम्नलिखित में से किसे अपरिभाषित पद माना जाता है?

1. Point / बिंदु
2. Quadrilateral / चतुर्भुज
3. Circle / वृत्त
4. Prime Number / अभाज्य संख्या
Correct Answer :-
• Point / बिंदु
53) The author of Lilavathi was: /
लीलावती के लेखक थे:
1. Brahmagupta / ब्रह्मगुप्त
2. Aryabhatta / आर्यभट्ट
3. Bhaskaracharya / भा रक राचार्य
, 4. Ramanujan / रामानुजन
Correct Answer :-
• Bhaskaracharya / भा रक राचार्य
54) CANCELLED
54) CANCELLED If P(35) and O(-36) are, two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of O
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है:
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है:
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3 311
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3 311 4. 9
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3 311 4. 9 Correct Answer :-
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3 311 4. 9
If P(3,-5) and Q(-3,-6) are two points, then abscissa of P-ordinate of Q is: / यदि P(3,-5) एवं Q(-3,-6) दो बिन्दुएँ हैं, तो Q के P-कोटि का भुज है: 1. 0 2. 3 311 4. 9 Correct Answer :-



यदि त्रिभुज के कोण का अनुपात 2: 3: 4 है, तो सबसे छोटे और सबसे बड़े कोण के बीच का अंतर ज्ञात करें।
1. 60 ⁰
2. ⁴⁰⁰
3. 15 ⁰
4. ²⁰⁰
Correct Answer :-
• 400
59) If a regular hexagon is having side of 12 cm , then its area is: / यदि एक सम षट्भुज की भुजा 12 सेमी है, तो इसका क्षेत्रफल है:
$156\sqrt{2}$
$256\sqrt{2}$
3. $216\sqrt{3}$
4. 129√3
Correct Answer :-
216√3
60)
Which one of the following expressions is false? /
निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा व्यंजक गलत है?
a)9999 <1000
b)1052<1025

c)958765>957865

- 1. Both a and b / a एवं b दोनों
- 2. Only b / केवल b
- 3. Both b and c / b एवं c दोनों
- 4. Only a / केवल a

Correct Answer :-

• Both a and b / a एवं b दोनों